**Vulnerability Assessment Report**

**23rd June 2025**

# System Description

The server hardware consists of a powerful CPU processor and 128GB of memory. It runs on the latest version of Linux operating system and hosts a MySQL database management system. It is configured with a stable network connection using IPv4 addresses and interacts with other servers on the network. Security measures include SSL/TLS encrypted connections.

# Scope

The scope of this vulnerability assessment relates to the current access controls of the system. The assessment will cover a period of three months, from June 20XX to August 20XX. [NIST SP 800-30 Rev. 1](https://docs.google.com/document/d/1pRpdpQMEWskxSkwqEMv8W7A7x8GXQlcn0hEcDzWet3Y/template/preview?usp=sharing&resourcekey=0-3GRRWAd8HryVgof-Jc33yA) is used to guide the risk analysis of the information system.

# Purpose

Consider the following questions to help you write:

* *How is the database server valuable to the business?*
* *Why is it important for the business to secure the data on the server?*
* *How might the server impact the business if it were disabled?*

This database is valuable to the business because it contains all the crucial data for the company. It is important to keep the data secure because having it be open source makes the business be vulnerable to security issues. If the server were disabled, the business would not be able to contain and access the information it needs.

# Risk Assessment

| **Threat source** | **Threat event** | **Likelihood** | **Severity** | **Risk** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *E.g. Competitor* | *Obtain sensitive information via exfiltration* | *3* | *3* | *9* |
| *Hacker* | Alter/Delete critical information | *2* | *3* | *6* |
| Customer | *Disrupt mission-critical operations.* | *1* | *3* | *3* |

# Approach

Risks considered the data storage and management methods of the business. The likelihood of a threat occurrence and the impact of these potential events were weighed against the risks to day-to-day operational needs.

I choose hacker as a threat source because a hacker would be willing to alter/delete information to disrupt the operation of the business. In addition, a competitor might want to improve their business by gathering information from our business.

# Remediation Strategy

Implementation of authentication, authorization, and auditing mechanisms to ensure that only authorized users access the database server. This includes using strong passwords, role-based access controls, and multi-factor authentication to limit user privileges. Encryption of data in motion using TLS instead of SSL. IP allow-listing to corporate offices to prevent random users from the internet from connecting to the database.